

NATURA 2000 - STANDARD DATA FORM

For Special Protection Areas (SPA), Proposed Sites for Community Importance (pSCI), Sites of Community Importance (SCI) and for Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

SITE BG0002008

SITENAME Ostrov do Gorni Tsibar

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1. SITE IDENTIFICATION

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1.1 Type	1.2 Site code
А	BG0002008

1.3 Site name

Ostrov do Gorni Tsibar

1.4 First Compilation date	1.5 Update date
2005-10	2015-07

1.6 Respondent:

Name/Organisation: Ministry of Environment and Water, "National Nature Protection Service" Directorate

Address: Sofia Maria Luiza Blvd. 22 1000 Sofia

Email: r.dimova@moew.government.bg

1.7 Site indication and designation / classification dates

Date site classified as SPA:	2007-03
National legal reference of SPA designation	Site classified as SPA by Council of Ministers Decision No. 122/02.03.2007 (promulgated SG 21/2007).

Explanation(s):	Site classified as SPA by Council of Ministers Decision No. 122/02.03.2007 (promulgated SG 21/2007). Issued designation order by the Minister of Environment and Water with prohibitions and restrictions on activities contradicting the conservation objectives of the site – Order No. RD – 552/05.09.2008 (promulgated SG 83/2008).
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2. SITE LOCATION

2.1 Site-centre location [decimal degrees]:

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Longitude

23.57249999999998

Latitude

43.8019444444445

2.2 Area [ha]:

2.3 Marine area [%]

218.427

0.0

2.4 Sitelength [km]:

0.0

2.5 Administrative region code and name

NUTS level 2 code

Region Name

BG31

Северозападен / Severozapaden

2.6 Biogeographical Region(s)

Continental (100.0 %)

3. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3.2 Species referred to in Article 4 of Directive 2009/147/EC and listed in Annex II of Directive 92/43/EEC and site evaluation for them

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Species			Population in the site				Site assessment							
Group	Code	Scientific Name	s	NP	Туре	Type Size		Unit Cat.		Data quality	A B C D	A B C		
						Min	Max		C R V P		Pop.	Cons.	Isol.	Glob.
В	A053	Anas platyrhynchos			w		60	i		G	С	В	С	С
В	A059	Aythya ferina			w		120	i		G	С	В	С	С
В	A060	Aythya nyroca			С	3	3	i		G	С	В	С	С
В	A022	Ixobrychus minutus			r	1	2	р		G	С	В	С	С
В	A068	Mergus albellus			w		3	i		G	С	В	С	С
В	A070	Mergus merganser			w		3	i		G	С	В	С	С
В	A020	Pelecanus crispus			С	150	252	i		G	A	Α	В	Α
В	A020	Pelecanus crispus			w		7	i		G	С	Α	В	А
В	A020	Pelecanus crispus			r	40	210	i		G	A	A	В	А
В	A017	Phalacrocorax carbo			r	184	1800	i		G	В	Α	С	С
В	A017	Phalacrocorax carbo			С	600	2300	i		G	В	Α	С	С
В	A017	Phalacrocorax carbo			w		40	i		G	В	A	С	С
В	A393	Phalacrocorax pygmeus			С	15	15	i		G	С	В	С	С
В	A034	Platalea leucorodia			С	10	31	i		G	В	Α	С	В

Group: A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, I = Invertebrates, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles**S:** in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes **NP:** in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)

Type: p = permanent, r = reproducing, c = concentration, w = wintering (for plant and non-migratory species use permanent)

Unit: i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the Standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting (see reference portal)

Abundance categories (Cat.): C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present - to fill if data are deficient (DD) or in addition to population size information

Data quality: G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation); VP = 'Very poor' (use this category only, if not even a rough estimation of the population size can be made, in this case the fields for population size can remain empty, but the field "Abundance categories" has to be filled in)

4. SITE DESCRIPTION

4.1 General site character

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Habitat class	% Cover
N06	81.0
N16	14.0
N04	5.0
N10	
Total Habitat Cover	NaN

Other Site Characteristics

A newly formed island on the Danube (km 715), covered with young tree vegetation, located east of Ibisha Island and north-east of the village of Gorni Tsibar. Typical for the island are the big sand deposits of fine sand that change their size depending on the river water level. At certain places the sand strips are overgrown with willow shrubs. The island?s central part is covered by a young forest of White Willow Salix alba and White Poplar Populus alba, which gets thinner towards its eastern and western ends.

4.2 Quality and importance

The island near Gorni Tsibar is of international importance for the globally threatened Dalmatian Pelican Pelecanus crispus and for the Cormorant Phalacrocorax carbo that constantly use it as a roost both in the breeding season and during the seasonal shifts and migration. During migration the island is a preferable roosting site for the Spoonbill Platalea leucorodia and for the globally threatened Pygmy Cormorant Phalacrocorax pygmeus.

4.3 Threats, pressures and activities with impacts on the site

The most important impacts and activities with high effect on the site

Negative Imp	acts		
Rank	Threats and pressures [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside/outside [i o b]
Н	F02.01.02		0
М	A03		0
М	J02.04		į
М	F03.02.01		į
L	G01.01		0
Н	F03.02.03		0
Н	F03.01		0
Н	В		i
Н	B02.02		i
Н	B02.01		i
Н	F02.03		0
L	H05		0
Н	B01.02		į
Н	B03		i
Н	C01.01		0
Н	B02.03		i
Н	B01		i
Н	В		0

Positive Impa	acts		
	Activities, management [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside/outside [i o b]
L	G01.01		o
L	H05		o
М	A03		o
Н	В		О
Н	A03		i

Rank: H = high, M = medium, L = low

Pollution: N = Nitrogen input, P = Phosphor/Phosphate input, A = Acid input/acidification,

T = toxic inorganic chemicals, O = toxic organic chemicals, X = Mixed pollutions

i = inside, o = outside, b = both

4.5 Documentation

Initial proposal and description of the site made by Anton Antonov - Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds, Bulgaria, 1111 Sofia, P.O.Box 50, phone (+359 2) 9715855, fax (+359 2) 9715856, www.bspb.org . Data revised by a team of Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (http://www.bas.bg). Documents: BDZP/BirdLife Balgariya. 2005. ?Nacionalna banka za ornitologichna informacia 1988-2005?, Balgarsko Druzhestvo za zastita na pticite; Botev, B. and Tz. Peshev, (eds). 1985. Red Data Book of Republic Bulgaria. 2: Animals. Sofia: Bulgarian Academy of Science. (In Bulgarian.); Iankov, P. 2002. (red.). Svetovno zastrasheni vidove ptitsi v Balgariya. Natsionalni planove za deystvie za opazvaneto im. Chast 1. BDZP-MOSV, Prirodozashtitna poreditsa, Kn. 4, Sofiya: 204-219.; Kostadinova, I. (sast.) 1997. Ornitologichno vazhni mesta v Balgariya. BDZP, Prirodozashtitna poreditsa. Kniga 1, BDZP, Sofiya, 176 s.; Nikolov, Hr., S. Marin, A. Darakchiev. 1999. Malkiyat kormoran v Balgariya. Razprostranenie, chislenost I zaplahi. ? Nauch. Tr. Plov. Univ., Animaliya, 35, 6, 67-81.; Petkov, N. 1997b. Savremenno sastoyanie na belookata potapnitsa (Aythya nyroca) v Balgariya. Diplomna rabota, Biologicheski Fakultet pri SU ?Sv. Kl. Ohridski?, Sofiya, 104 s.; BirdLife International. 2000. Threatened birds of the world. Barcelona and Cambridge, UK: Lynx Edicions and BirdLife International, 695pp.; Birdlife International. 2004. Birds in Europe: Population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: Birdlife International (Birdlife Conservation Series No. 12).; BirdLife International. 2005. World Bird Database ? Important Birds Areas.Bulgaria. Cambridge. (unpublished); Iankov, P., N. Petkov, A. Kovachev, D. Plachiisky. (in print). Pygmy Cormorant in Bulgaria 2001/2002. Final Report.; Kostadinova, I., S.Dereliev. 2001. Results the Mid-Winter Counts of Waterbirds in Bulgaria for the period 1997-2001. BSPB Conservation Series. Book 3, BSPB, Sofia, BG; Kostadinova, I., M. Mihailov, (comp.) 2002. Guide for NATURA 2000 in Bulgaria. BSPB nature conservation series No5. BSPB, Sofia, 80pp. (In Bulgarian.); Kostadinova, I. 2005. Application of C criteria for Identification of Important Bird Areas of European Union importance in Bulgaria. Preliminarily implementation and analysis of the gaps. ? In: Petrova, A. (ed.), Current state of Bulgarian biodiversity ? problems and perspectives. Pp. 533-548. Bulgarian Bioplatform, Sofia MOEW. 1998. CORINE Biotopes Database of the sites of European Importance for the biodiversity. Bulgaria, MOSV (nepubl.); Osieck, E. 2000 Filling in the requirements of the EU Birds Directive: Lessons from the ?Dutch Case??. In: European IBA Workshop. 29 March - 2 April 2000, Brussels, Belgium. Proceedings. BirdLife International, 86-99; Petkov, N. 1998a. Current Status of the Ferruginous Duck (Aythya nyroca) in Bulgaria. ? Partimadar, 6-7, MME, Budapest, 44?49. Waliczky, Z. 2000 ?Important Bird Areas of European Union Importance: explanation of the EU Criteria applied in IBA 2000? In: European IBA Workshop. 29 March - 2 April 2000, Brussels, Belgium. Proceedings. BirdLife International, 12-16;

Link(s): http://natura2000.moew.government.bg/Home/ProtectedSite?code=BG0002008&siteType=BirdsDirective

5. SITE PROTECTION STATUS (optional)

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level:

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Code	Cover [%]	Code	Cover [%]	Code	Cover [%]
BG00	100.0				

designated at international level:

Туре	Site name	Туре	Cover [%]
Other	IBA	=	100.0

5.3 Site designation (optional)

The area does not have legal protection under national conservation legislation. In 1997 the area was designated as Important Bird Area by BirdLife International. The proposed SPA borders a proposed Special Protection Area in Romania.

6. SITE MANAGEMENT

6.1 Body(ies) responsible for the site management:

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Organisation:	Regional Inspectorate of Environment and Water -Montana; Danubean River Basin Directorate; Forestry Department - Lom
Address:	
Email:	

6.2 Management Plan(s):

An actual management plan does exist:

	Yes
	No, but in preparation
Χ	No

7. MAP OF THE SITES

INSPIRE ID:	
Map delivered as PDF in electronic format (optional)	
Yes X No	
Reference(s) to the original map used for the digitalisation of the electronic boundaries (optional).	