NATURA 2000 - STANDARD DATA FORM



For Special Protection Areas (SPA), Proposed Sites for Community Importance (pSCI), Sites of Community Importance (SCI) and for Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

SITE **BG0000635**

SITENAME Devnenski halmove

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1. SITE IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Type	1.2 Site code	Back to top
В	BG0000635	

1.3 Site name

Devnenski halmove

1.4 First Compilation date	1.5 Update date				
2013-12	2019-02				

1.6 Respondent:

Name/Organisation: Ministry of Environment and Water, "National Nature Protection Service" Directorate

Address: Sofia Kn. Maria Luiza Blvd. 22 1000 Sofia

Email: natura2000@moew.government.bg

1.7 Site indication and designation / classification dates

 Date site classified as SPA:
 0000-00

 National legal reference of SPA designation
 No data

Date site proposed as SCI: 2014-04

Date site confirmed as SCI: 2015-11

Date site designated as SAC: 2018-12

National legal reference of SAC designation:	National	legal reference	e of SAC	designation:
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Designation Order No. RD – 792/20.12.2018 (promulgated SG 9/2019) issued by the Minister of Environment and Water.

	Adopted by Council of Ministers Decision No. 223/24.04.2014 (promulgated SG 37/2014). Issued by the Minister of Environment and Water designation Order
Explanation(s):	No. RD – 792/20.12.2018 (promulgated SG 9/2019) with prohibitions and restrictions on activities contradicting the conservation objectives of the site.

2. SITE LOCATION

2.1 Site-centre location [decimal degrees]:

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LongitudeLatitude27.632343.2127

2.2 Area [ha]: 2.3 Marine area [%]

297.7513 0.0

2.4 Sitelength [km]:

0.0

2.5 Administrative region code and name

NUTS level 2 code	Region Name

BG33	/ Severoiztochen
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2.6 Biogeographical Region(s)

Continental (100.0 %)

3. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3.1 Habitat types present on the site and assessment for them

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Annex	I Hal	oitat t	ypes			Site assessment					
Code	PF	NP	Cover [ha]	Cave [number]	Data quality	A B C D	A B C				
						Representativity	Relative Surface	Conservation	Global		
6110 B			0.1		M	A	С	A	С		
6210 B			9.0		M	С	С	С	С		
62C0			138.02		М	A	В	A	А		

8210 B	2.0	м С	С	С	c

- **PF:** for the habitat types that can have a non-priority as well as a priority form (6210, 7130, 9430) enter "X" in the column PF to indicate the priority form.
- **NP:** in case that a habitat type no longer exists in the site enter: x (optional)
- Cover: decimal values can be entered
- Caves: for habitat types 8310, 8330 (caves) enter the number of caves if estimated surface is not available.
- **Data quality:** G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation)

3.2 Species referred to in Article 4 of Directive 2009/147/EC and listed in Annex II of Directive 92/43/EEC and site evaluation for them

Species					Population in the site					Site assessment				
G	Code	Scientific Name	s	NP	Т	Size		Unit	Unit Cat. D.qual.		A B C D A B C			
						Min	Max				Pop.	Con.	lso.	Glo.

- Group: A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, I = Invertebrates, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles
- **S:** in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes
- **NP:** in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)
- **Type:** p = permanent, r = reproducing, c = concentration, w = wintering (for plant and non-migratory species use permanent)
- **Unit**: i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the Standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting (see reference portal)
- Abundance categories (Cat.): C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present to fill if data are deficient (DD) or in addition to population size information
- Data quality: G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation); VP = 'Very poor' (use this category only, if not even a rough estimation of the population size can be made, in this case the fields for population size can remain empty, but the field "Abundance categories" has to be filled in)

3.3 Other important species of flora and fauna (optional)

Species						Population in the site				Motivation																				
Group	CODE	Scientific Name	s	NP	Size	Size		Size		Size		Size		Size		Size		Size		Size		Size		Cat.	_	ecies nex		Other categories		
					Min	Max		C R V P	IV	V	Α	В	С	D																
Р		Centaurea caliacrae						R			X																			
Р		Centaurea marshaliana						R			X																			
Р		Hieracium virosum			1	10	i	V			X																			
Р		Ruta graveolens			100	1000	i	R			X																			
Р		Verbascum tzar-borisii			900	1000	i	R			X	Х																		
Р		Veronica multifida						R			x																			

- Group: A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, Fu = Fungi, I = Invertebrates, L = Lichens, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles
- CODE: for Birds, Annex IV and V species the code as provided in the reference portal should be used in addition to the scientific name
- S: in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes
- **NP:** in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)
- **Unit:** i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting, (see reference portal)
- Cat.: Abundance categories: C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present
- Motivation categories: IV, V: Annex Species (Habitats Directive), A: National Red List data; B: Endemics; C: International Conventions; D: other reasons

4. SITE DESCRIPTION

4.1 General site character

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Habitat class	% Cover
N20	0.6
N16	19.9
N22	1.4
N09	62.1
N08	10.6
N23	0.7
N17	4.7
Total Habitat Cover	100

Other Site Characteristics

Site "Devnenski halmove" consists of seven hills located in the surroundings of Devnya town and the nearby villages Chernevo and Padina. The hills are Ostria hill (Sivri tepe) northeast of Devnia (in the land of Chernevo village); Dalgata mogila hill east of Devnia; Harman Kaya north of Povelyanovo; a small hill east of Povelyanovo and a series of hills near Padina village, the highest of which is Golemia Sakar. Of these, Ostria hill is in the land of Suvorovo municipality and the rest are in the land of Devnya municipality. On the slopes of the hills there are significant distinct revelations of Lower and Upper Cretaceous limestones, with a variety of marl, marly clays, calcareous sandstones and harder, organogenic limestones. The hills have plateau top area and slopes with different inclination and exposure, as the revelations are mostly on the southern slopes. Parts of the hills are ancient land of Cretaceous age and precisely this is at the bottom of the presence of relict steppe herbaceous vegetation. Soils are predominantly rendzinas, very shallow, skeletal in the areas of the revelations. On all of the hills has developed woody and shrub vegetation, bushes of hawthorn, lilac, thorny bush, wild privet, wild jasmine (Crataegus monogyna, Paliurus spina-christi, Syringa vulgaris, Ligustrum vulgare, Jasminum fruticans) and others, as well as low-growing oak-oriental hornbeam groves (Quercus pubescens, Carpinus orientalis), with the participation of nettle tree (Celtis australis), flowering ash (Fraxinus ornus) and others.

4.2 Quality and importance

The site conserves areas of primary Pontic steppe vegetation in the alliances Agropyro-Kochion, Festucion valesiacae, Stipion lessingianae, Pimpinello-Thymion zygioidi, with significant diversity in the communities with rich in steppe elements flora as some species are relicts with local distribution in the Pontic region. (Hieracium virrosum, Centaurea marshalliana etc.) and presence of local and regional endemics (Verbascum tzar-borisii, Centaurea caliacrae). The individual hills have certain differences, in the presence of different rare species, as well as the presence / absence of dominant species of the plant communities. The wormwoods typical of the Western Pontic wormwood steppes, form communities on the Ostria hill and the hill Dalgata mogila; Forage kochia (Kochia prostrata) on the slopes of the hills around Padina village, and on the southern slope of Harman Kaya Jurinea stoechadifolia is one of the dominant species. The following typical of the habitat species are also present: Galium volhynicum, Tanacetum millefolium, Acillea clypeolata, Rhodax canus, Ruta graveolens, Koeleria brevis, Chamaecyrisus jankae, Centaurea caliacrae, Inula oculus-christi, Iris pumilla, Convolvolus cantabricus, Gypsophilla glomerata, Euphorbia nicaensis ssp.

candilathri, Scutellaria orientalis, Adonis flammea, Potentilla bornmuellerii, Euphorbia mirsynites, Helianthemum salicifolia. There are also Phlomis tuberosa, Phlomis herba-ventii, Cephalaria lucida, Centaurea stereophylla; Cleistogenes bulgarica, Campanula sibirica, Serratula radiata, Mathiolla fruticolosa, Centaurea marshaliana, Hieracium virrosum and others. Detailed floristic and phytosociological studies will justify even more undeniably the high assessment given to the value of the hills as relict habitats.

4.3 Threats, pressures and activities with impacts on the site

The most important impacts and activities with high effect on the site

Negative Impacts									
Rank	Threats and pressures [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside/outside [i o b]						
М	C01.01.01		0						
L	E03.02		0						
L	B01.02		i						
М	E02.01	Х	0						
L	A04.03		i						

Positive Impacts					
Rank	Activities, management [code]		inside/outside [i o b]		
M	A04.02		i		

Rank: H = high, M = medium, L = low

Pollution: N = Nitrogen input, P = Phosphor/Phosphate input, A = Acid input/acidification,

T = toxic inorganic chemicals, O = toxic organic chemicals, X = Mixed pollutions

i = inside, o = outside, b = both

4.4 Ownership (optional)

Type		[%]	
Public	National/Federal	38.4	
	State/Province	0	
	State/Province Local/Municipal	58	
	Any Public	0	
Joint o	or Co-Ownership	0	
Private	Э	3.6	
Unkno	wn	0	
sum		100	

4.5 Documentation

Initial proposal and description of the site made by 1) Institute for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences and 2) Botanical Garden, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences / 1113 Sofia, 2 Yuriy Gagarin Str., tel. (+359 2) 8736 137 / 1) iber@iber.bas.bg 2) bgarden.bas@abv.bg

Link(s): http://natura2000.moew.government.bg/Home/ProtectedSite?code=BG0000635&siteType=HabitatDirective

5. SITE PROTECTION STATUS (optional)

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level:

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Code	Cover [%]	Code	Cover [%]	Code	Cover [%]
BG06	3.26	BG00	96.74		

5.2 Relation of the described site with other sites:

designated at national or regional level:

Type code	Site name	Туре	Cover [%] 2.5
BG06	Tsar-Borisov lopen	+	
BG06	Nadelenolistno velikdenche	+	0.76
esignated at i	nternational level:		
Туре	Site name	Туре	Cover [%]
Other	BGIPA081 Ostria halm (Sivri tepe) - Important Plant	Area +	2.5
.3 Site desig	nation (optional)		
6. SITE MA	NAGEMENT		
.1 Body(ies)	responsible for the site management:		Back to to
Organisation:	Ministry of Environment and Water		
Address:	22 Maria Luiza Blvd., Sofia 1000		
Email:	natura2000@moew.government.bg		
Organisation:	Regional Forest Directorate Varna		
Address:	10 Radko Dimitriev Str., Varna 9000		
Email:	rugvarna@iag.bg		
Organisation:	Regional Inspectorate of Environment and Water -	Varna	
Address:	4 Yan Palah Str., Varna 9000		
Email:	riosv-vn@mbox.contact.bg		
Organisation:	Basin Directorate for Water Management in the Bla	ack Sea Region -	- Varna
Address:	33 Aleksandar Dyakovich Str., Varna 9000		
Email:	bdvarna@bsbd.org		
6.2 Managem An actual man	ent Plan(s): agement plan does exist:		
Yes			
No, but	in preparation		
X No			
6.3 Conserva	tion measures (optional)		
7. MAP OF	THE SITES		
			Back to to
INSPIRE ID:			
	L		
Map delivered	as PDF in electronic format (optional)		

L Yes LX No	
Reference(s) to the original map used for the digitalisation of the electronic boundaries (opti	onal).